

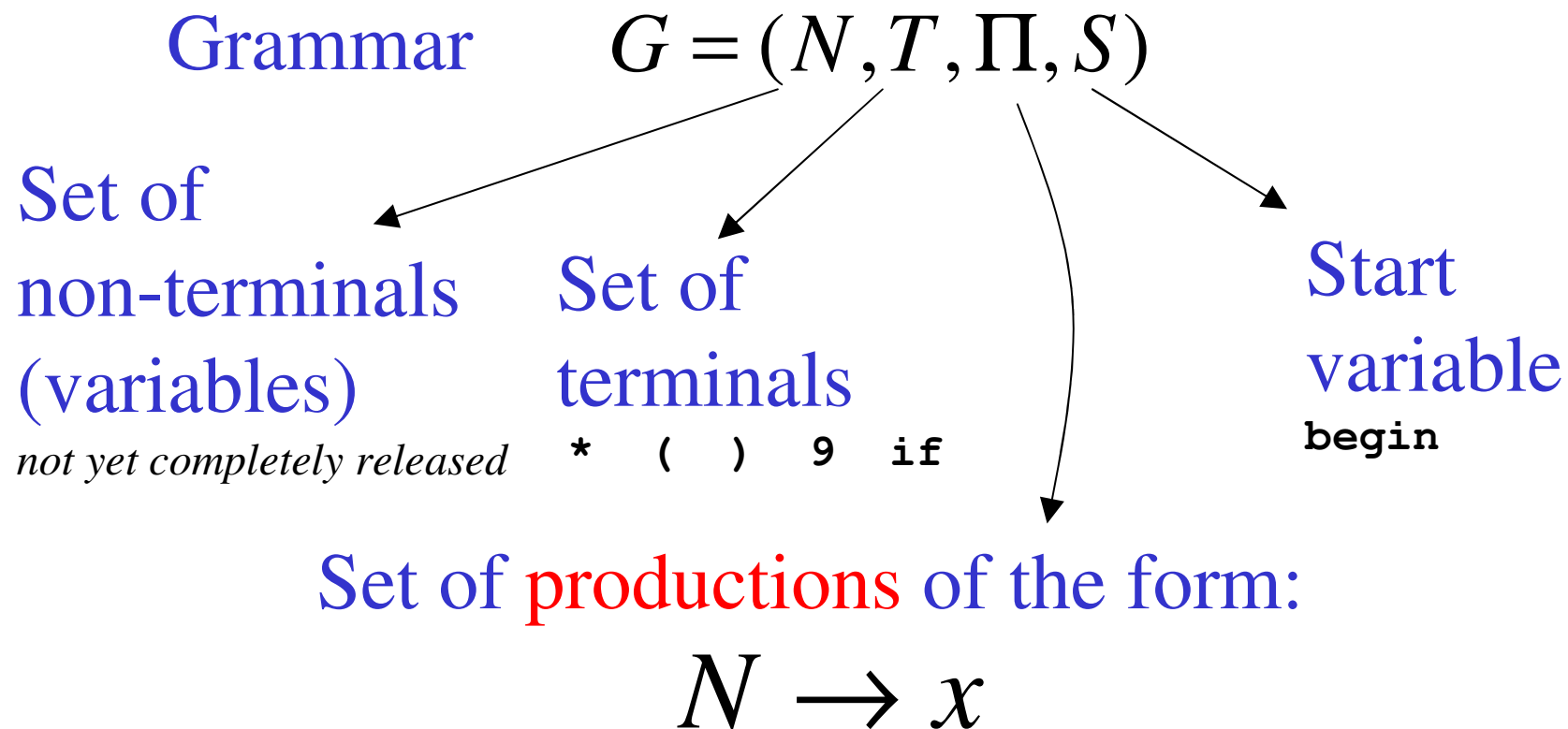
Context-Free Grammars

Parser

Assumed Knowledge

- Binary trees
 - traversing in-order, post-order
 - term trees
- Stack
 - programming of stack

Definition: Context-Free Grammars



x is string of variables and terminals

Definition: Parser

= a **computer program** that analyses the grammatical structure of an **input**, with respect to a given **formal grammar**.

- Parsers can be made both for **natural languages** and for **programming languages**.
- Programming language parsers tend to be based on **context free grammars**.

VSL – Very Simple Language

(Language of Arithmetical Expressions)

Language Elements:

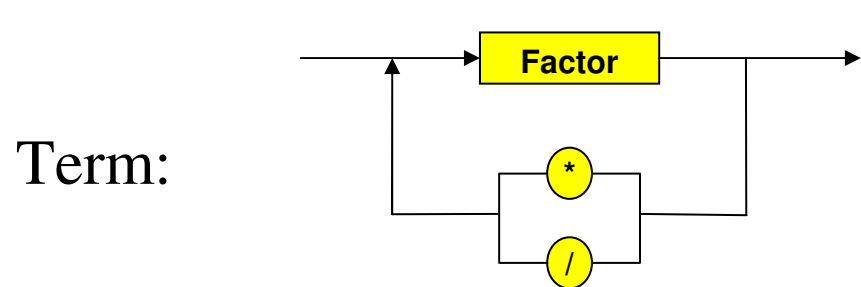
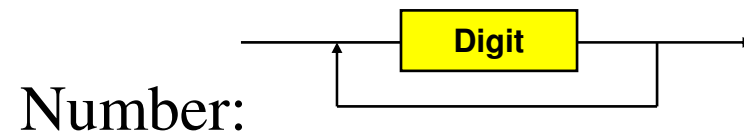
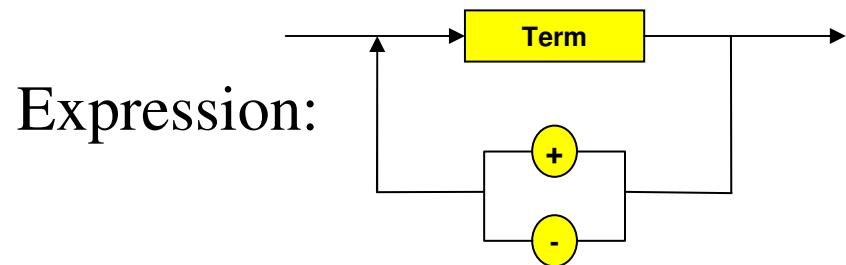
1. Binary Operators
2. Parentheses for building groups
3. Operands in the form of numbers

Basis: a number is an expression

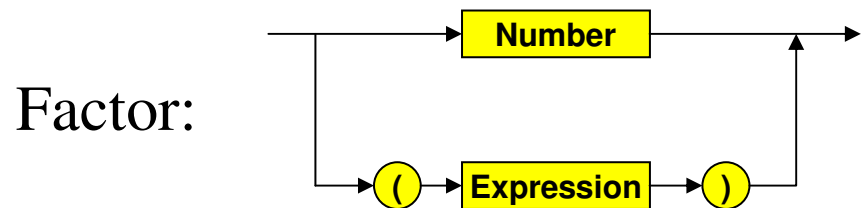
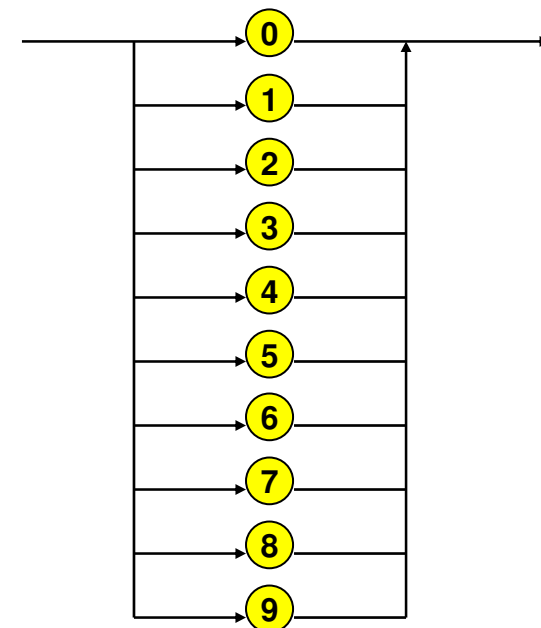
Induction: E is an expression \Rightarrow the following constructs are expressions as well

- (E)
- $E + E$
- $E - E$
- $E * E$
- E / E

Syntax graphs



Digit:



Production rules

- (1) $\langle \text{Expression} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{Expression} \rangle + \langle \text{Term} \rangle \mid \langle \text{Expression} \rangle - \langle \text{Term} \rangle \mid \langle \text{Term} \rangle$
- (2) $\langle \text{Term} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{Term} \rangle * \langle \text{Factor} \rangle \mid \langle \text{Term} \rangle / \langle \text{Factor} \rangle \mid \langle \text{Factor} \rangle$
- (3) $\langle \text{Factor} \rangle \rightarrow (\langle \text{Expression} \rangle) \mid \langle \text{Number} \rangle$
- (4) $\langle \text{Number} \rangle \rightarrow \langle \text{Number} \rangle \langle \text{Digit} \rangle \mid \langle \text{Digit} \rangle$
- (5) $\langle \text{Digit} \rangle \rightarrow 0 \mid 1 \mid 2 \mid 3 \mid 4 \mid 5 \mid 6 \mid 7 \mid 8 \mid 9$
- (6) $\langle \text{Program} \rangle \rightarrow \{ \langle \text{Expression} \rangle \}$

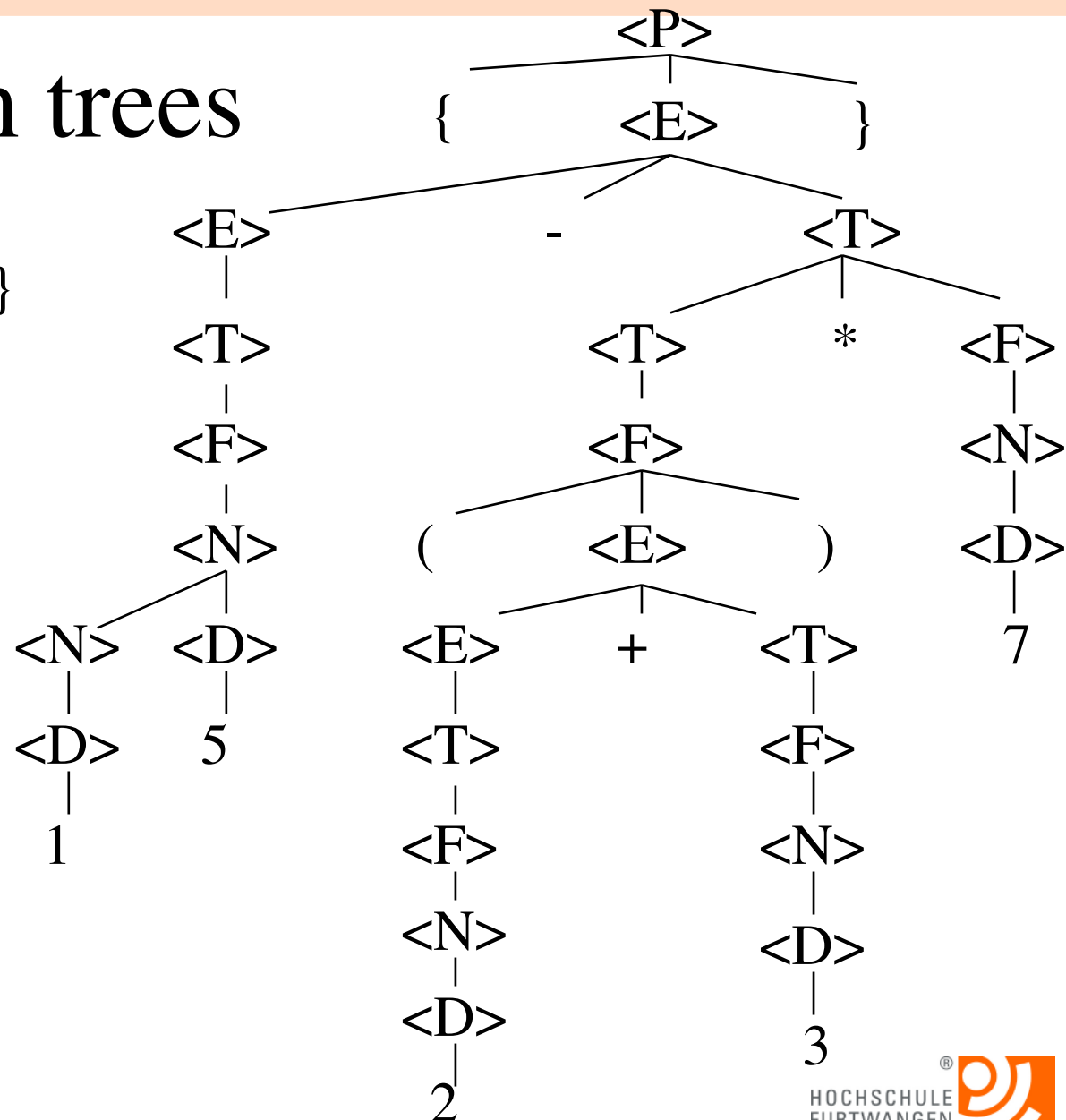
Notation:

$\langle xyz \rangle$:	Syntax category
\rightarrow	can be built from
$0, 1, 2, \dots, 9$	atomic operands, so called terminal symbols

Feedback in the *syntax graphs* accords to
a **recursive definition** in *production rules*

Derivation trees

{ 15 - (2 + 3) * 7 }



Example programs

- **VSL interpreter**
interprets VSL-source
- **Infix2suffix**
compiles VSL-source to VSL-machine language (EXE)
- **Suffix interpreter**
Executes VSL-machine language
- **VSL compiler**
compiles VSL-source to VSL-assembler
The VSL-Assembler file is a C++ or Java-source
- **Run-time system**
Links the VSL assembler with a pushdown automaton file
to a run-time system

